REBUAMMOGO



Official Newsletter for FBDM • Issue 42

Look us up on:





www.francesbaard.gov.za

INSIDE THIS ISSUE

Foreword by the	
Executive Mayor	1

From the Municipal Manager's Desk

Flood damage in the District

5

10

11

Overview of the FBDM budget for 2021/22

Overview of the 2021/22 budget for Dikgatlong LM 7

Overview of the 2021/22 budget for Magareng LM 8

Overview of the 2020/21 budget for Phokwane LM 9

Overview of the 2020/21 budget for Sol Plaatje LM

Workshop to make Tourism SMMEs more tech savvy

Message from the Executive Mayor

The term of office of the current council is fast drawing to a close. However, we still have work to do to ensure that there is a smooth handover to the incoming council.

We cannot relax, as we are still public representatives and the work must continue until the last day of our term of office.

We have faced many challenges but as a team we have overcome. The Covid-19 pandemic has had a devastating impact on our lives, and it is still not the end yet. We are experiencing the third wave of the pandemic and by all counts this time it is even more devastating than before.

I want to appeal to our community to be extremely cautious and to remain alert because all of our lives are in the balance.

We cannot afford to relax and become tired of fighting the virus, now is the time to be even more aware and to create awareness among our fellow citizens that the battle is far from over.

Let us continue to look after our loved ones and continue to practice social distancing

for 2021/22 on PAGE 5.

and wear our masks.

On 26 May 2021 we have adopted the budget for the new financial year starting on 01 July 2021. By doing so we have ensured that the incoming



The Executive Mayor Mr P Marekwa

council have a well established basis from which they can start.

I wish to extend my gratitude to the Speaker and councillors who have put their weight behind me and, together with the administration of Frances Baard, we have made sure that the work continues uninterrupted.

Let us continue to build our district and do the best we can for our communities.

I wish you all well!

Mayor, Cllr. Patrick Marekwa, delivered the budget speech during this sitting. Read more on the proposed budget



From the Municipal Manager's Desk

I invite you to read our second edition of the our newsletter for the financial year. It provides an insight to how we have been fairing as a district for the last six months of the 2020/21 financial year.

We have experienced a challenging year, moving from different variants and waves of the Covid-19 pandemic. This required us to be resilient and continue to serve our communities who are rightfully expecting a service from us. We aapreciate that even though we could not gather in some of the work that we had to jointly with you on, you accepted the realities of meeting virtually to achieve our goal.

We had challenges, especially in the last two years, but despite these challenges we have managed to continue, with adjustments, to ensure that we provide the necessary support to our local municipalities to enable them to provide quality basic services to the community in our district.

We are in the midst of the third wave of the Covid-19 pandemic, and looking at the statistics, this time is worse than the two before. It is therefore my humble appeal to everyone to be extra careful, stay safe and comply with the regulations. It is our responsibility to take care of ourselves and others.

As the administration of this municipality we want to express our appreciation for the Executive Mayor, the Speaker and councillors that have shared the trials and tribulations with us for the past 5 years. We have become a close knit family and had to go through extraordinary challenges that was placed before us, especially in the last two years.

We want to give them and the community at large the assurance that we will continue to do our work to the best of our abilities.

Remember, mask up, clean your hands regularly and avoid crowds.



Municipal Manager Ms Mamikie Bogatsu







ADJUSTED ALERT LEVEL 2

- Government calls on the youth to become ambassadors of change by adhering to adjusted alert level 2 regulations
- Please stay home instead of hanging out with friends- its temporary and might just save your life and those around you
- Did you know science tells us that the spread of the disease happens mainly via respiratory droplets produced when an infected person coughs or sneezes? — Trust us - wear a mask
- Techno savy youth- help your parents, grandparents or an older person in your community to register on EVDS
- Simply send the word 'REGISTER' to the WhatsApp number 0600 123 456 or do it online @ vaccine.enroll.health.gov.za
- You have a chance to do things differently; use knowledge to steer the future of SA youth and minimize the spread of COVID-19.







"Since December last year leading into early January 2021 the Northern Cape province experienced above normal rainfall. This also affected our district as we experienced severe flooding which lead to the damage of road infrastructure, houses and farms. Many farmers also lost crops. The floods had a drastic impact on the livelihoods in the district with people being displaced and farmers stranded due to the damaged road infrastructure."

After the severe droughts that the Northern Cape experienced in 2020, the heavens opened up over the summer months in December and January to the relief of many people, more especially the farming community in the Province. This elation though soon turned to distress as the rain continued to fall and caused heavy flooding in many areas across the Northern Cape and Free State. Many farmers suffered severe losses in livestock and farming equipment.

In the district all local areas were severely affected by the storm namely, Phokwane, Magareng, Dikgatlong and the Sol Plaatje Local Municipality.

Households in both formal and informal settlements were affected by the rising water levels because of the already aged and poor stormwater infrastructure.

The poor drainage system could not effectively drain water away and this water seeped into the homes of people causing damage to their buildings and goods. Our disaster management responded swiftly to evacuate impacted households and prevent loss of life.

Assistance given to affected households

- Assessments conducted on the extent of the flood damage;
- Food parcels were distributed to all affected households;

- Blankets were given as per the circumstances of the households affected, and
- Families had to be moved to alternative accommodation because of the damage caused by flooding to their homes.

Contributions of stakeholders to aid in relief of the extent of the damage

Funding will be made available by the relevant roleplayers to improve internal roads and storm drainage systems. RDP houses with structural defects will be re-build through the engagement of COGHSTA. We are expecting that COGHSTA will assist in the repair of RDP houses with structural defects due to the heavy storms.

Interventions by Sol Plaatje Local Municipality

Short-term:

- Maintenance activities to mitigate the overflowing of the dam:
- Appointment of EPWP workers to clean the canal and repair small sections in the canal where it is needed; and
- Building of an apron wall next to canal to prevent the overflow of water in future.

Long term:

• Investigate the operational status of the pond to assess

Continued on page 4...\

the current allowable capacity of the pond. This will increase the capacity of pond and a routine maintenance will be required to avoid future flooding.

 Sewer Pump Station Roodepan (Midlands) - Residents residing in the area are to be relocated as implementation of maintenance activities commence.

Interventions by the Department of Roads and Public Works

Short-term:

- Access road to Pampierstad was repaired, and
- Roads were closed at Riverton, Waldecksplant and Sydney-on-Vaal due to flooding of low bridges.



In Dikgatlong parts of the R31 were washed away and the municipal roads were damaged.



Above: In Magareng, 7 mud houses collapsed, all roads in ward 1 were damaged, 5 roads were damaged in ward 2. In Ward 3 sections of Chris Hani Road was damaged. Ward 4 all roads at Station area and entrance to Warrenvale and Transka resort and Ward 5 Moleko's Farm gravel road and Nazareth Farm were damaged by the floods.

Frances Baard District Municipality

The district municipality recommended that all local municipalities apply for Emergency Housing Relief through COGHSTA if they have reported damages to RDP houses.

Assistance was given to home owners (RDP housing and mud houses) to replace roofs and structural damages.



Above: Flood damage in Sol Plaatje municipal area. Approximately 151 households were affected and municipal roads were damaged.

Overview of the FBDM budget for 2021/22

The total budget for the 2021/22 financial year is R 174,2m. The operational budget is R 162,0m, whereas the capital budget amounts to R 12,1m.

On 26 May 2021 the district municipality adopted the budget for the 2021/22 financial year.

The major revenue streams which supports the programmes and activities of the district municipality remains government grants and subsidies, interest earned on external investments and actuarial gains.

The municipality will continue to provide the necessary technical, financial, and administrative support to ensure that we help to strengthen our local municipalities.

Emerging projects

The district municipality is looking at the establishment of the Gong-Gong natural, historical and cultural tourism destination by securing funding for these projecrs. We will be looking at the revitalization of the Ganspan Waterfowl Nature Reserve and the establishment of an oil processing plant in Hartswater.

The district municipality is also hoping to bring in private sector enterprise development funding to scale up the machinery and equipment grant; the revitalization of the Ganspan Waterfowl Nature Reserve and secure an investor for the oil processing plant in Hartswater.

Overall basic service delivery challenges for the local municipalities remains as follows:

- The cost to eradicate backlogs is high and increasing annually;
- Municipalities in the district depend mainly on grant funding for infrastructure provision;
- The Blue and Green Drop percentages have also generally improved, but no Blue or Green Drop was achieved;
- The number of capacitated and skilled personnel in municipalities must be increased;
- FBDM also provides assistance with O&M funding, management of the O&M of electricity services in some municipalities still needs to improve;
- Some municipalities struggle to pay their ESKOM accounts which leads to disconnections and disruption of services;
- Some renewable energy projects have been implemented;
- The lack of bulk electricity networks in the rural areas makes it difficult for new electrical connections to households;
- Except for Phokwane LM, there are no road master plans

for different municipalities. Municipalities do not have sufficient funds for maintenance of street and storm water:

- Municipalities do not have sufficient resources for road maintenance and spends large amounts on hiring road works machinery; and
- The conditions of provincial gravel roads within the district have deteriorated over the years due to the following reasons:-
- Insufficient funds allocated for road maintenance by the provincial departments;
- Continuous breakdowns of road works machinery; and
- Increased traffic volume has a negative influence on gravel roads.

The budget

The budget for operation and maintenance (O&M) development has increased by 22% as compared to the 2020/21 financial year.

For the 2021/22 financial year, the following allocations were made for operation and maintenance and infrastructure capital projects:

Municipality	Allocation
	Operation and Maintenance (O&M)
Sol Plaatje	R1.7m
Dikgatlong	R1.8m
Magareng	R1.8m
Phokwane	R1.8m

All local municipalities will also receive R3.5m respectively, towards capital projects.

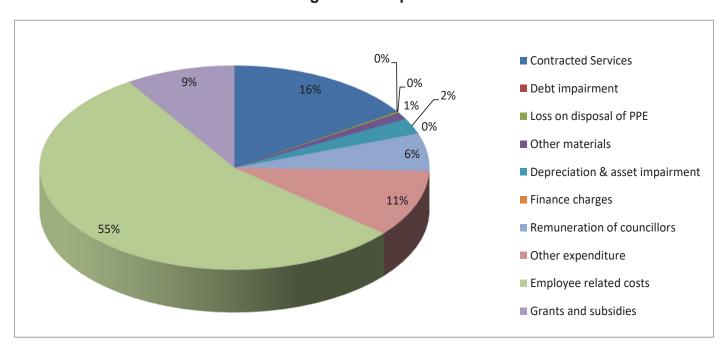
Grants

The major grant funding that the district municipality is receiving from national government is as follows:

- Equitable Share;
- Finance Management Grant;
- Rural Asset Management Grant;
- EPWP;
- Skills Grant;
- Provincial Grant NEAR Control; and
- Municipal Systems Improvement Grant (MSIG)

Operating Transfers and Grants		
National Government Grants for 2021/22		
financial year		
Equitable Share	R 128,076m	
Finance Management	R 1m	
Expanded Public Works Programme	R 1,077m	
Rural Asset Management Grant	R 2,576m	
Provincial Government Grants		
MSIG	R 4m	
Near Grant	R 259,000	
Other grant providers		
Skills Grant	R 90,000	

Main categories of expenditure



Overview of the 2021/22 budget for Dikgatlong local municipality

The total revenue for the 2021/22 financial year is R 216,1m and the total expenditure amounts to R 194,8m, whilst the surplus deficit is R 21,3m.

The totals above includes the following:

Equitable share
Services charges
Property rates
Interest on debtors
R 95m
R 84m
R 31m
R 39m

This revenue will enable the municipality to meet its daily operational activities and subsequently achieving its overall objective. The main sources of income for the municipality is electricity, water, refuse and sewerage. These sources of income contribute 38% of the total anticipated revenue. The municipality anticipates to collect 45% from the total budget allocated to these sources of income, of which 55% will be bad debts.

The municipality had to increase its tariffs for the 2021/22 financial year, however, the increase will be below the CPI as proposed by the government. Increases in electricity costs will be guided by NERSA.

Electricity services

Electricity comprises of prepaid and conventional meters. A high portion of the electricity income is derived from the prepaid electricity and it constitute 11% of the total revenue for the year. All qualifying indigents are registered for free electricity services and these costs are accounted for when calculating electricity receivables and the actual cash inflow thereof.

Water services

The water services network is on conventional meters and currently the municipality finds it very difficult to collect all the money due. To mitigate this collection challenges, the municipality is looking at installing prepaid water meters in the households to curb the issue of revenue non-collection. This initiative is part of the municipal approved revenue enhancement strategy. Based on the proportionate chart it is evident that water revenue will contribute 17% of the total anticipated revenue for the year.

Refuse services

Currently there is a refuse collection schedule on how the municipality would execute this task, however, the collection still remains a huge problem. The municipality is currently working towards resolving the matter to ensure that service delivery is not compromised. The department intends to ensure that the fleet is operating effectively and efficiently so that the objective of the municipality are achieved. There is a budget to procure fleet and a decision will be made on the type of actual vehicles required. The prediction is that refuse will contribute 4% of the total revenue for the 2021/22 financial year.

Sewerage services

The municipality has two sewerage networks namely the sceptic tank and the conventional sewerage network. The sceptic sewerage tank operates on a cash basis hence the conventional network is based on a accrual basis. The municipality has sufficient resources (personnel and vehicles) to ensure that operation is not disrupted at all costs. Sewerage services contribute very little to the overall revenue and is at 1% which indicate lower billing. Thorough assessment needs to be conducted to ensure that all identical sewer networks are included in the budget.

Property rates (Non-exchange revenue)

The municipality must still ensure that all the properties that should be included into the system are reflected to ensure that completeness and existence is as accurate as possible. The total revenue anticipated for property rates from the total revenue is 12%.

Interest on outstanding debts

Most of the municipal debtor's accounts are in arrears, and the non-payment is caused by several factors such as high rate of unemployment and the non-commitment of consumers to pay their accounts on time. All these factors contribute to high budget interest projection and the ability of the municipality to collect the interest due to it. A debt collection company has been appointed to assist the municipality to decrease its debtors book.

Overview of the 2021/22 budget for Magareng local municipality

The total revenue for the 2021/22 financial year is R 129,3m and the total expenditure amounts to R 125,6m, whilst the surplus deficit is R 21,3m.

Operating revenue for 2021/2022	
Property Rates	R 8,3m
Service charges: Electricity	R 29,6m
Service charges: Water	R 8,4m
Service charges: Sanitation	R 9,5m
Service charges: Refuse	R 5,6m
Rent of facilities and equipment	R 2,3m
Interest earned- external investment	R 299,134
Interest earned- outstanding debtors	R 5,9m
Fines, penalties and forfeits	R 150,293
Licences and permits	R 79,423
Transfers and subsidies	R 58,3m
Other Revenue	R 1,2m
Agency Services	R 171,658
Total	R 129,8m

Repairs & maintenance

An amount of R 5,7m has been budgeted for repairs and maintenance. The local municipality will also be receiving allocation for operation and maintenance (O&M) to the amount of R 1,8m and R 3,5m for capital projects from Frances Baard District Municipality.

Tariffs

National Treasury has indicated that municipalities should determine their increases on tariffs, taking into account the CPI of 3.9%. The tariffs for 2021/22 as approved by the local municipality as follows:

Water
Sewerage
Electricity
Refuse
3.9% increase
14.59% increase
3.9% increase

The expenditure budget for 2021/2022 amounts to R125,6m which has been broken down as follows:

- Provision for bulk purchase of electricity amounts to R 25,6m (Eskom);
- Provision for bulk purchase of water amounts to R 2,6m (Vaalharts Water);
- 6.25% increase in salaries for municipal staff;
- Provision for depreciation on assets to the amount of R13.3m;
- Provision for payment of Auditor-General fees of R 1,2m; and

• Provision for bad debts to the amount of R 21,5m. Provision has been made in the 2021/22 financial year to provide for the writing-off of indigent debt. The basis for the increase is the outstanding debts as at 31 May 2021 which were outstanding for more than 90 days.

Property rates for 2021/22

The first R15 000 of all residential properties are exempted from being taxable, the municipality did not increase tariffs on property rates.

Property Rates for 2021/22			
Residential	0.011286	Per R Valuation Roll	
Business	0.022572	Per R Valuation Roll	
State Owned	0.022572	Per R Valuation Roll	
Agriculture	0.0028215	Per R Valuation Roll	
Industrial	0.022572	Per R Valuation Roll	
Public Service	0.0028215	Per R Valuation Roll	
Infrustructure			
Public Benefit	0.0028215	Per R Valuation Roll	
Organisation			

Operating Grants for 2021/22	
Equitable Share	R 51 086 000
Financial Management Grant	R 2 850 000
EPWP	R 1 121 000
Frances Baard (O&M)	R 1 800 000
Municipal Disaster Grant	R 250 000
Library Grant	R 1 100 000
SETA	R 100 000
Total	R 58 307 000

Capital Grants for 2021/22	
Department of Water and	R 5 000 000
Sanitation	
Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	R 7 000 000
Municipal Infrastructure Grant	R 11 541 000
Frances Baard Capital Allocation	R 3 500 000
Total	R 27 041 000

Overview of the 2021/22 budget for Phokwane local municipality

The total operating revenue for the 2021/22 financial year is R 441,140 and the total operating expenditure amounts to R 552,593m, whilst the surplus deficit is R 111,453. The total capital expenditure is R 58,963.

For Phokwane Local Municipality to continue improving the quality of services provided to its citizens it needs to generate the required revenue. In these tough economic times strong revenue management is fundamental to the financial sustainability of every municipality.

The expenditure required to address all challenges will inevitably always exceed available funding; hence difficult choices have to be made in relation to tariff increases and balancing expenditures against realistically anticipated revenues.

Challenges

- Persistent operating deficit due to non-cost reflective tariffs for services and property rate, which caused unfunded budget over the years
- The municipality was selling electricity to consumers at a tariff below the cost of supply from Eskom. Hence the failure to service the Eskom account.
- Similarly, the water service was sold to consumers at a tariff below the cost of supply by the water board. The non-cost reflective tariffs of the aforesaid services coupled with the low property base kept the revenue of the municipality at a level lower than the cost of services. This was exacerbated by poor financial management, including understatement of expenditure and overstatement of revenue to hide the unfunded nature of the budget. Over the years the municipality was able to pay salaries in lieu of payment to bulk suppliers.
- The municipality is faced with development backlogs and high levels of poverty.

Property rates

Property rates projected revenue totals R40m. Other revenue earners includes income received from permits and licenses, building plan fees and connection fees. Tariffs are reviewed on an annual basis to ensure they are cost reflective and market related.

Sanitation and waste removal tariffs

SEWAGE @10%	2020/2021	REFUSE @10%	2020/2021
Residential	R124.49	Residential	R75.83
Commercial:	R275.00	Commercial	R118.09
Schools	R220.00	Bulk holders	R1393.92
Churches & NGO's	R165.00	Schools	R60.28

Water tariffs

Category	Basic monthly fee	0-6 kl	6-10 kl	10-50 kl	50-100 kl	100kl >
Residential	R56.89	R11.12	R16.97	R19.49	R22.76	R27.26
Commercial	R168.10	R16.97	R19.49	R22.76	R27.26	R28.82
Schools & Sport Clubs	R742.82	R11.12	R16.97	R19.49	R22.76	R27.26
Churches and NGO's	R127.17	R11.12	R16.97	R19.49	R22.76	R27.26

Electricity tariffs

Domestic conventional	
:Basic Charge	R182.27
0-50 kwh	1.2368c/kWh
51-350kwh	1.5518c/kWh
351-600kwh	2.3289c/kWh
>600kwh	2.5797c/kWh
Domestic Prepaid	
<60 Amps : Basic Charge	R182.27
0-50 kwh	1.2368c/kWh
51-350kwh	1.5518c/kWh
351-600kwh	2.1822c/kWh
>600kwh	2.5925c/kWh
Commercial Pre-paid (>60 amps)	
:Energy Charge(c/kWh)	2.5925c/kWh
Commercial Tariffs	
Business <200 amps	R680.12
Basic charge :Energy Charge (kwh)	2.2200c/kwh
Business >200amps Demand	R241.41
Charges(R/kVA) (Bulk consumers)	
:Basic Charge	R4635.07
:Energy Charge (kWh)	1.5190c/kWh
: Basic charge	R180.21
: Energy Charge	2.1014c/kwh

Overview of the 2021/22 budget for Sol Plaatje local municipality

The total revenue for the 2021/22 financial year is R 2,365,711 billion and the total expenditure amounts to R 2,344,984 billion, whilst the surplus deficit is R 20,727 million. The total capital expenditure amounts to R 179,266 million.

Davanua aatagawy	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Revenue category	Tariffs			
Rates	5.50%	4.00%	7.21%	8.48%
Electricity	6.22%	14.59%	10.61%	9.08%
Water	5.50%	4.00%	6.85%	6.16%
Waste water (sanitation)	5.50%	4.00%	6.49%	5.89%
Waste management (refuse removal)	5.50%	4.00%	6.49%	5.88%
Average tariff increase /Municipal CPI	5.80%	8.56%	7.53%	7.30%

The capital budget is funded by capital grants of R 167,766 million and own internal funding of R 11,500 million.

The makeup of the capital program for 2021/22 is rightfully dominated by infrastructure projects consisting of roads, stormwater, water, sanitation and electricity projects. Projects listed under infrastructure constitutes 88.5% of the allocated budget.

Tariff increases

The average tariff increase is 8.56 percent with 4% for rates, water, sanitation and refuse removal. Electricity tariffs are increasing by 14.59 percent, in line with the NERSA guidelines.

Tariff setting plays a major role in ensuring desired levels of revenue and affordability of consumers. Getting tariffs right assists in the compilation of a credible and funded budget. The municipality derives most of its operational

"Revenue to be generated from property rates is R603,707 million in the 2021/22 financial year and increases to R702,711 million by 2023/24 which represents 26% of the operating revenue base of the municipality. It remains relatively constant over the medium-term. With the implementation of the Municipal Property Rates Act the basis of rating significantly changed. The major concern however is the phasing out of the category 'Property used by Organ of State' is not stipulated in the Act."

revenue from the provision of basic services such as water, electricity, sanitation and solid waste removal. Property rates, operating and capital grants from organs of state and other minor charges

In addition, the municipality is implementing a revenue strategy to support growth in the city and economic development as well as stabilising the financial position of the municipality.

Sale of electricity

Revenue from sale of electricity includes billed revenue and prepaid sales as well as sale of electricity in the form of subsidised FBE.

The municipality has implemented Time of Use electricity tariff for large power users and has fully adopted the demand periods as determined by Eskom, whilst for residential customers, Inclined Block Tariff has been adopted.

Grants and Subsidies – Operational

Operational grants (R thousand)	Adjusted budget 2020/21	Budget year 2021/22
Local Government Equitable Share	234,642	212,328
Expanded Public Works Programme	4,170	3,362
Local Government Financial Management Grant	1,700	1,650
Infrastructure Skills Development	5,000	5,500
Library Grant	7,800	7,800
Department of Tourism	625	-
Frances Baard District Municipality	6,200	-
Total operational grants	260,137	230,640

Workshop to make Tourism SMMEs more tech savvy

"The district municipality in conjunction with the Sol Plaatje Local Municipality hosted a training programme for Tourism SMMEs on 01 June 2021 that focussed on technology and how it impacts on the tourism industry."

The training programme was also supported by Mlab South Africa, Galeshewe SMME Villageand the Northern Cape Innovation Forum.

Attendees represented various tourism business owners such as geusthouses, tour guides, travel facilitators, arts & crafts and travel agents.

The aim of the training was to:

- Create an awareness of technology for tourism SMMEs (what technology exists);
- Enhance the understanding of technology for Tourism SMMEs (why technology is important); and
- Demonstrate the utilisation of various types of technology in tourism SMME businesses (how technology can be used).

Training objectives:

- Research what the technology needs of Tourism SMMEs are at each stage of the business cycle
- Identify how technological products are aligned to plug the technology needs of SMMEs

"Covid-19 created many challenges for the tourism industry and one of the ways to alleviate this is through the introduction of technologies such as digital tours into marketing plans -

Mr Edward Matima."



Above: Mr Edward Matima, the facilitator from Diamond Creative Vision Hub.

- Identify what gaps exists in respect of alignment of tech products and SMME technology needs
- Identify and apply ways to use technology to optimise business processes
- Apply ways to use technology to communicate successfully with target audiences
- Apply ways to market and sell products using technology

Profile of ideal SMEs for the Tech Savvy Tourism SMME Workshop:

- South African citizens representing start up and existing businesses were welcome to register;
- All legal forms of business (Close Corporation (CC), Proprietary Limited Company (PTY), Cooperation, etc.;
- Tourism SMEs in the Frances Baard District area;
- Tourism SMMEs seeking growth and expansion;
- Must have basic computer literacy and able to read and write in English language; and
- Preference will be given to companies with > 50% black ownership and turnover < R50 M.



Above and below: SMMEs in the tourism industry in the district were taken through the programme on how to utilise technology to improve their tourism products / offerings.



NATIONAL HEADLINES





botlhe ba tshwanetse go wa COVID-19 mo thulaganyong go ikwadisa







kaga gago







Jaanong o siametse go entiwa ka moento sentle!

Gopola, mento e boloka matshelo!

Fa o sa kgone go ikwadisa, ya kwa lefelong la moento le le gaufi le wena go kopa thuso.

IZigondiso Zakho Zokusebenzisa I-Electronic Vaccination Data System (i-EVDS)



bezempilo kudingeka babhalisele umjovo we-COVID-19 lokubhalisa elikwi-EVDS













Manje usukulungele ukuthola umjovo wakho!

Khumbula, imijovo yokugoma isindisa izimpilo zabantu!

Uma uhluleka ukubhalisa, iya endaweni okutholakala kuyo umjovo wokugoma eseduze nawe

Jou gids tot die Elektroniese inentings-datastelsel (EVDS)



Alle gesondheidswerkers moet registreer vir hulle COVIC-19 inenting deur















Jy is nou gereed om jou enstof te ontvang!

Onthou, entstowwe red lewens!

Gaan na jou naaste inentingsentrum indien jy nie kon registreer nie







CONTACT DETAILS

Frances Baard District Municipality 51 Drakensberg Avenue, Carters Glen **Private Bag X6088 KIMBERLEY, 8300/1**

Tel.: 053 - 838 0911 Fax: 053 - 861 1538

E-mail: gerline.roman@fbdm.co.za